



The Mainstreaming Addiction Treatment (MAT) Act

117th Congress

House Sponsors: Paul Tonko (D-NY), Mike Turner (R-OH), Antonio Delgado (D-NY), Anthony Gonzalez (R-OH)

Senate Sponsors: Maggie Hassan (D-NH), Lisa Murkowski (R-AK)

"The devastation of America's opioid crisis has touched every part of our country, and access to treatment is a matter of life and death. Our national response needs to rise to meet the unprecedented scale of this crisis."

❖ Paul Tonko

America is in the midst of an overdose epidemic

- An estimated **108,000 people died of a drug overdose in the U.S. in 2021**, the highest number of overdose deaths ever recorded, and a 15% increase from the previous year
- Overdose fatalities are now **the leading cause of death for Americans under 50**
- Americans are **dying from this illness faster than they did at the height of the HIV/AIDS epidemic** that sparked a national movement to address it
- **Just 1 in 5 individuals** with an opioid use disorder is getting the treatment they need

Access to treatment is a life-saving answer

- For two decades, **buprenorphine** has been used as a safe, effective and life-saving **medication-assisted treatment** for individuals suffering from a substance use disorder
- Medical professionals need a **special DEA waiver** to prescribe buprenorphine to treat substance use disorder, which leads to treatment bottlenecks and a lack of providers
- This outdated waiver requirement has stuck around even though **medical professionals can prescribe the same drug for pain** without jumping through bureaucratic hoops
- Removing this barrier will **massively expand treatment access**, making it easier for medical professionals to integrate substance use disorder treatment into primary care settings
- **After France took similar action to make buprenorphine available without a specialized waiver, opioid overdose deaths declined by 79 percent over a four-year period**

Congress can help stop this crisis!

- After nearly 20 years of safe treatment, there is no good reason to maintain separate, more burdensome restrictions blocking access to safe, proven addiction treatments including buprenorphine
- Practitioners are already required to obtain a license to prescribe controlled substances and meet any state-level requirements to prescribe buprenorphine
- The outdated waiver requirement reflects longstanding stigma around substance use treatment and misleads qualified prescribers to think they can't effectively treat patients with substance use disorders
- New York, North Carolina, New Mexico, Indiana and others have called for the removal of the federal buprenorphine waiver requirement

The Mainstreaming Addiction Treatment Act

- Eliminates the redundant, outdated requirement that practitioners apply for a separate waiver through the DEA to prescribe buprenorphine for substance use disorder treatment
- Requires the Secretary of HHS to conduct a national campaign to educate practitioners about the change in law and encouraging providers to integrate substance use treatment into their practices

Connect with Representative Tonko on Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram: @RepPaulTonko